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Latency Reduction Potential of Server-Side Command Buffers in OpenCL-Based Edge Offloading

Jan Solanti, Tampere University

Jan Solanti (Tampere University), Pekka Jääskeläinen (Tampere University, Intel Finland Oy)



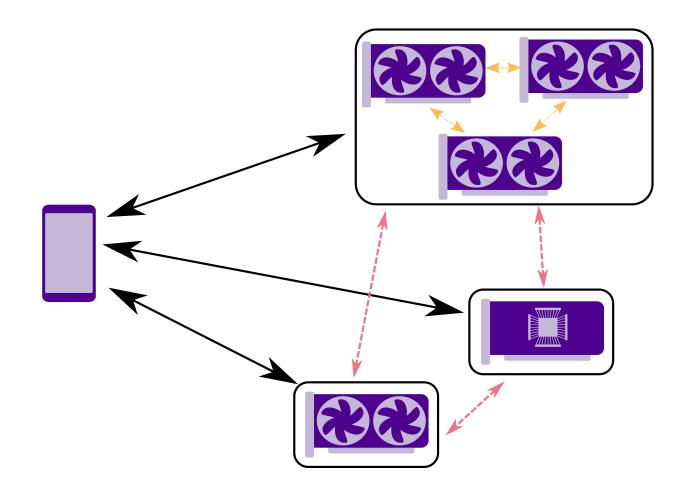


Remote OpenCL Offloading

- Sometimes you want to do heavy GPGPU work on mobile devices
 - Machine Learning, Image Recognition/Classification, ...
- Might not have a GPU or other accelerators
 - And even if, they would be impractically slow and drain the battery too fast
- Offload it to something with more power



PoCL-Remote





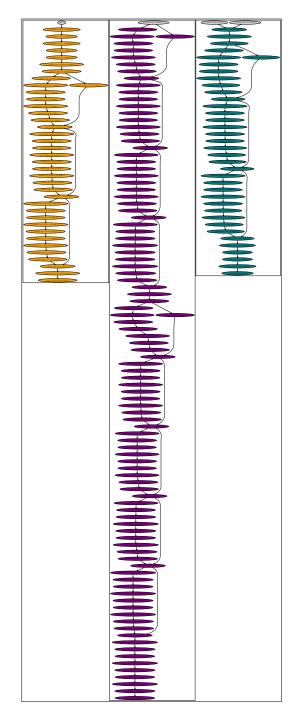
Why OpenCL for Remote Offloading?

- Bespoke high level APIs built on top of e.g. HTTP are very common
- However, they are usually application-dependent
 - Can't easily update to different application logic without versioned endpoints
 - Difficult to do work partitioning on the fly
 - Dynamic performance vs power optimization
 - Privacy (e.g. split inference)



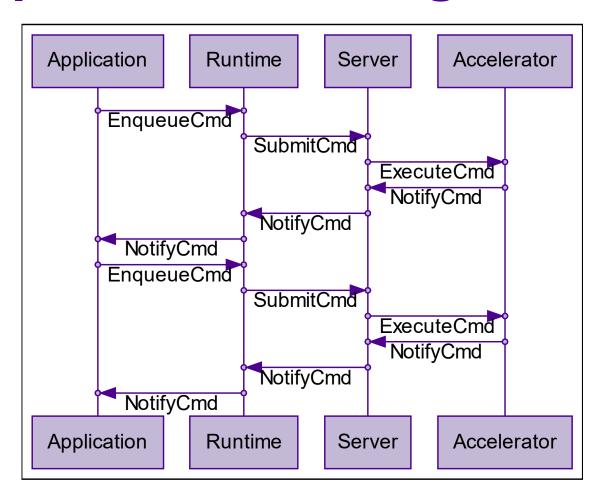
Example: ResNet50-v2-7

- Split into 3 parts for U-shaped split inference
 - Server sees neither input data nor final results
- Splitting done programmatically, exact positions chosen at runtime





Remote OpenCL Offloading





Remote OpenCL Offloading

- 1 problem solved
- 1 problem created

- Transferring data over an IP network takes a lot longer than over a PCIe or SoC interconnect
 - Compression, yes, but...
- Even tiny data transfers are subject to network latency
 - Latencies of multiple transfers add up quickly



OpenCL Command Buffers

- cl_khr_command_buffer
 - Largely analogous to CUDA and SYCL "(task) graphs"
- Provisional extension since November 2021
- Several additions on top of the base extension
- Constructed at application runtime
- Cheap to rebuild on the fly for different partitioning



Command Buffer Implementation

- Baseline is very straightforward
 - Store a list of clCommand* calls and issue corresponding clEnqueue* calls whenever the buffer is executed
 - (a bit of manual work needed wrt kernel arguments)
- Can be done with an ICD layer on top of any conformant driver[1]

[1] Emulating Command Buffer Extensions with OpenCL Layers, Ewan Crawford, James Brodman, Ben Ashbaugh, IWOCL 2024

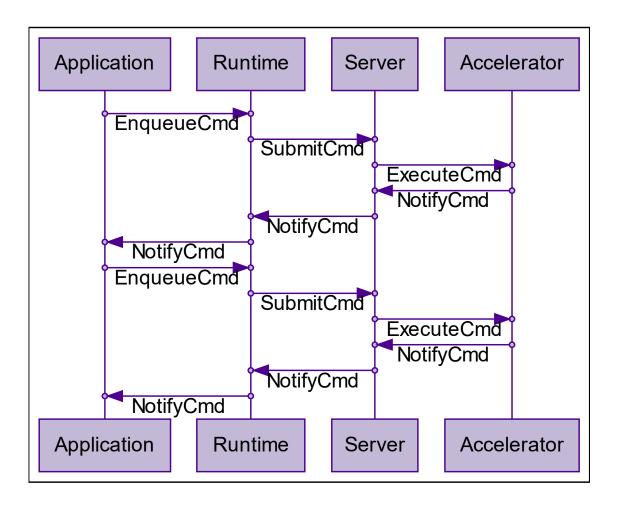


Command Buffers in PoCL

- Parameter validation is virtually identical between clCommand* and clEnqueue* functions
 - Share validation code between corresponding function pairs
- In PoCL almost all command life cycle management code got reused as-is for commands recorded to command buffers
 - Implementation for generating live commands from recorded ones when enqueueing a command buffer is **very** simple



Remote Offloading With Naïve Command Buffers





Remote Offloading With Naïve Command Buffers

- Easy to implement
- Convenient, no need for specialized code paths in applications nor OpenCL runtimes
- Still has to synchronize every recorded command with the client -> latency overhead 🦠



Server-Side Command Buffers

- •Unlike command queues, command buffers have an unambiguous end: clFinalizeCommandBufferKHR
- Natural point for performing command graph optimizations
- Also a natural point for batching commands in order to send them to a remote in bulk
 - Also well suited for e.g. compression on the wire

Reduces communication to just one (1) roundtrip per command buffer invocation (plus one to create the buffer)



Device-Side Command Buffers in PoCL

- Additional command buffer implementation(s) in PoCL
- Command recording shared as-is with the "overlay" command buffer implementation
- •clFinalizeCommandBufferKHR detects if target device has a specialized implementation and calls that to construct a device side command buffer
- •clEnqueueCommandBufferKHR checks if target device has a specialized implementation and calls that instead of submitting individual commands



Server-Side Command Buffers in PoCL-Remote

- Finalize handler packs all commands in a memory buffer
 - Tightly packed, exactly how they would be written to the TCP socket
- Buffer is sent as payload of a "create command buffer" command



Constructing Command Buffers in pocld

- Server feeds "create command buffer" payload into the command reading logic to generate in-memory representation
 - If underlying driver supports command buffers, creates a "native" command buffer
 - Otherwise simply stores commands in a vector

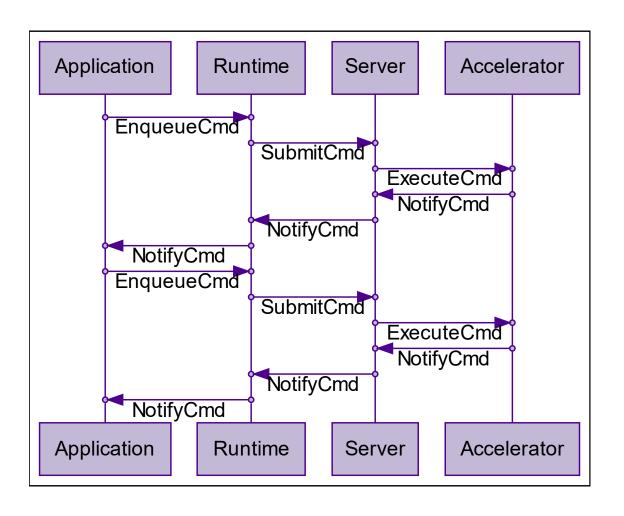


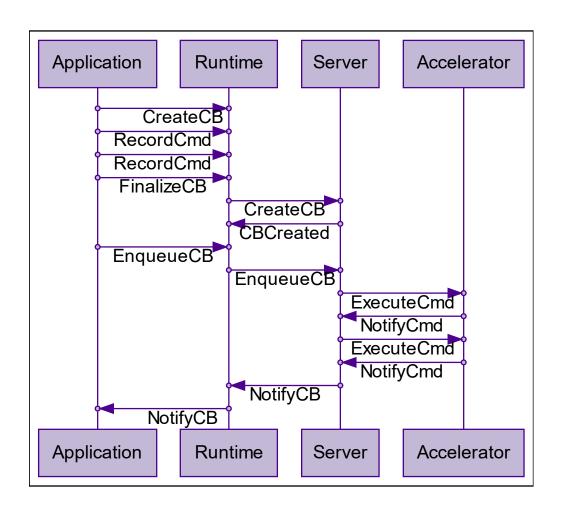
Executing Command Buffers in pocld

- •Upon receiving an "enqueue command buffer" command, call clEnqueueCommandBufferKHR with the stored buffer, if available
- If "native" command buffers are not available, iterate through the vector and enqueue commands one by one
 - But don't send completion notifications etc to the client
 - After all commands are enqueued, enqueue a marker
 - Completion of the marker gets reported back to the client with the event ID of the corresponding clenqueueCommandBufferKHR call



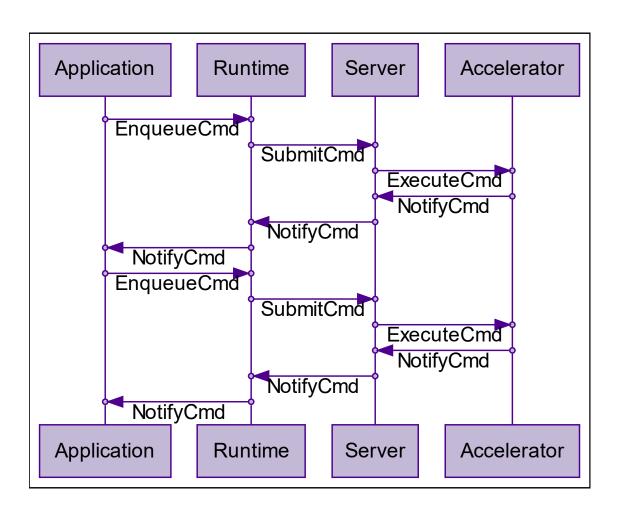
Direct vs Buffered Command Flow

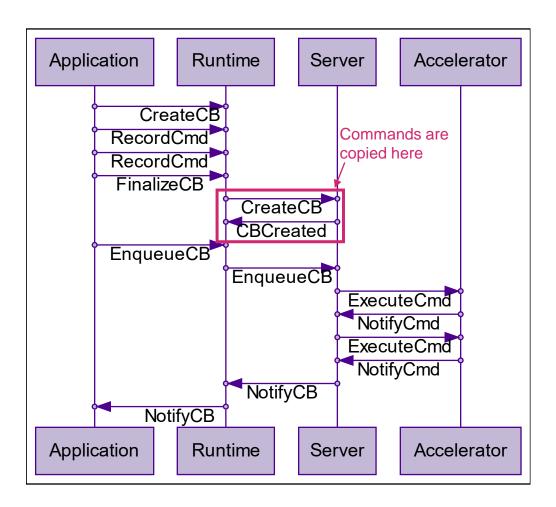






Direct vs Buffered Command Flow

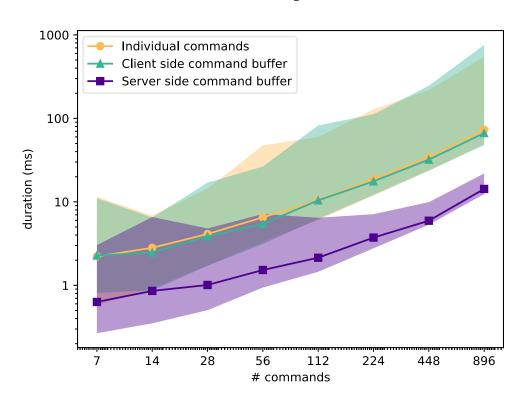




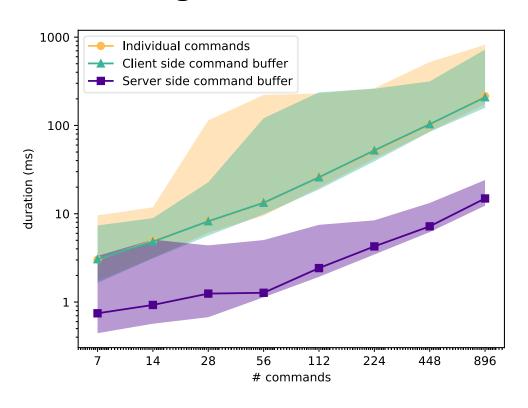


Performance Overview (log axes)

Local Loopback



Gigabit Ethernet





But What About the Buffer Finalize Step?

- Not accounted for in the previous slide
 - For most applications it's a one off operation and the main thing of interest is dispatching the command buffer
- Could still be relevant
 - Dynamically changing command graph
 - One-off command buffers
- Server-side command buffers are sent to server in the finalize step
 - That's potentially a lot of data, no?



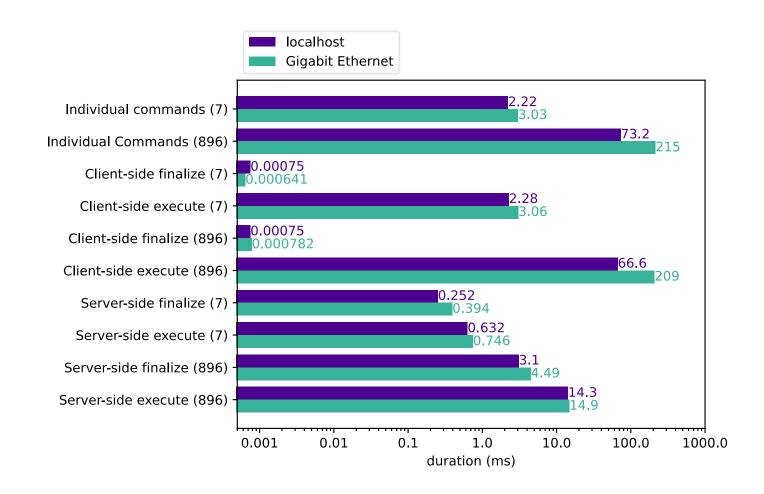
About the Buffer Finalize Step

- Hypothesis: it's negligible in terms of performance
 - Finalization does very little work (locally)
 - Input validation is (mostly) done already while recording
- Server-side command buffers are sent to server in finalize step
 - Expectation: 1 large bulk transfer here is faster than multiple network roundtrips while executing the commands

Note: no compression is applied to the command buffer in transit

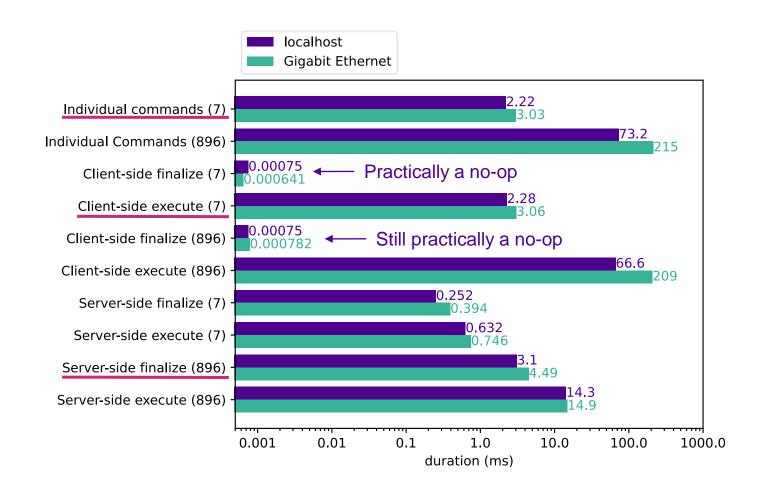


Performance Details





Performance Details





Conclusion

- Command buffers are very beneficial to remote OpenCL offloading
 - Up to an order of magnitude faster than submitting commands immediately
- Bulk uploads are fast enough that even single-use command buffers can make a difference



Thank You!

I am Jan Solanti from...

Customized Parallel Computing group at Tampere University



Working with...

PoCL project

